No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
1		Year	Represents end of the year.	
2	ES-Data 1	Aluminum (\$/mt)	Aluminum (LME) London Metal Exchange, unalloyed primary ingots, high grade, minimum 99.7% purity, settlement price beginning 2005; previously cash price	Bloomberg; Engineering and Mining Journal; Platts Metals Week; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
3	ES-Data 2	ASE General Free Float Weighted Price Index (point)	In the free float weighted Index, stocks carry weight relative to their market captalization after excluding closely held stocks (shares owned by the board of directors, investors who owned more than 5% and any government ownership). The based period is December 31, 1999.	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
4	ES-Data 3	ASE General Unweighted Price Index (point)	In the Unweighted Index, all stocks carry equal weight. The based period is December 31, 1991.	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
5	ES-Data 4	ASE General Weighted Price Index (point)	In the weighted Index, stocks carry weight relative to their market captalization. The based period is December 31, 1991.	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
6	ES-Data 5	Banana, Europe (\$/kg)	Bananas EU, from January 2015, European Union import prices. Previously, bananas (Central & South America), major brands, free on truck (f.o.t.) Southern Europe, including duties; prior to October 2006, f.o.t. Hamburg.	Food and Agricultural Organization; Sopisco News; Union of Banana- Exporting Countries (UPEB); US Bureau of Labor Statistics; World Bank.
7	ES-Data 6	Banana, US (\$/kg)	Bananas US, from January 2015, U.S. import prices. Previously, bananas (Central & South America), major brands, US import price, free on truck (f.o.t.) US Gulf ports.	Food and Agricultural Organization; Sopisco News; Union of Banana- Exporting Countries (UPEB); US Bureau of Labor Statistics; World Bank.
8	ES-Data 7	Barley (\$/mt)	Barley (US) feed, No. 2, spot, 20 days To-Arrive, delivered Minneapolis from May 2012 onwards; during 1980 - 2012 April Canadian, feed, Western No. 1, Winnipeg Commodity Exchange, spot, wholesale farmers' price	Bloomberg; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
9	ES-Data 8	Beef (\$/kg)	Meat, beef (Australia/New Zealand), mixed trimmings 85%, East Coast, 7-45-day deferred delivery, FOB port of entry, beginning January 1995; previously cow forequarters	Meat & Livestock Australia, Meat and Livestock Weekly; The National Provisioner; Urner Barry; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
10	ES-Data 9	Capital Expenditures (Million JD)	Government expenditures that increase government capital formation and include spending on infrastructure projects, operation and maintenance.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
11	ES-Data 10	CBJ Main Rate	Intrest rate as estimated by CBJ.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
12	ES-Data 11	Coal, Australian (\$/mt)	Coal (Australia), from January 2015, port thermal, fo.b. Newcastle, 6000 kcal/kg spot price. 2002-2014, thermal GAR, f.o.b. piers, Newcastle/Port Kembla, 6,300 kcal/kg (11,340 btu/lb), less than 0.8%, sulfur 13% ash; previously 6,667 kcal/kg (12,000 btu/lb), less than 1.0% sulfur, 14% ash	Bloomberg; Coal Week International; Coal Week; IHS McCloskey Coal Report; International Coal Report World Bank.

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
13	ES-Data 12	Coal, South Africa (\$/mt)	Coal (South Africa), from January 2015, f.o.b. Richards Bay, NAR, 6,000 kcal/kg, sulfur less than 1%, forward month 1; from February 13, 2017 to December 2017, thermal NAR netback assessment f.o.b. Richards Bay 6,000 kcal/kg; during 2006- February 10, 2017 thermal NAR; during 2002-2005 6,200 kcal/kg (11,200 btu/lb), less than 1.0%, sulfur 16% ash; years 1990-2001 6390 kcal/kg (11,500 btu/lb)	Bloomberg; Coal Week; Coal Week International; International Coal Report; World Bank.
14	ES-Data 13	Cocoa (\$/kg)	Cocoa (ICCO), International Cocoa Organization daily price, average of the first three positions on the terminal markets of New York and London, nearest three future trading months.	Bloomberg; International Cocoa Organization Secretariat; World Bank.
15	ES-Data 14	Coconut oil (\$/mt)	Coconut oil (Philippines/Indonesia), from January 1999, crude, CIF NW Europe; previously, bulk, c.i.f. Rotterdam	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
16	ES-Data 15	Coffee, Arabica (\$/kg)	Coffee (ICO), International Coffee Organization indicator price, other mild Arabicas, average New York and Bremen/Hamburg markets, ex-dock	Bloomberg; Complete Coffee Coverage; International Coffee Organization; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
17	ES-Data 16	Coffee, Robusta (\$/kg)	Coffee (ICO), International Coffee Organization indicator price, Robustas, average New York and Le Havre/Marseilles markets, ex-dock	Bloomberg; Complete Coffee Coverage; International Coffee Organization; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
18	ES-Data 17	Copper (\$/mt)	Copper (LME), grade A, minimum 99.9935% purity, cathodes and wire bar shapes, settlement price	Bloomberg; Engineering and Mining Journal; Platts Metals Week; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
19	ES-Data 18	Cotton, A Index (\$/kg)	Cotton (Cotton Outlook "Cotlook A index"), middling 1-3/32 inch, traded in Far East, C/F beginning 2006; previously Northern Europe, c.i.f.	Bloomberg; Cotton Outlook; International Cotton Advisory Committee; Liverpool Cotton Services Ltd.; World Bank.
20	ES-Data 19	Crude Oil and its Derivatives Bill (Million JD)	Represents total imports from Crude Oil and other Petroleum Products.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
21	ES-Data 20	Crude oil, average (\$/bbl)	Crude oil, average spot price of Brent, Dubai and West Texas Intermediate, equally weighed	World Bank.
22	ES-Data 21	Crude oil, Brent (\$/bbl)	Crude oil, UK Brent 38` API.	Bloomberg; Energy Intelligence Group (EIG); Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC); World Bank.
23	ES-Data 22	Crude oil, Dubai (\$/bbl)	Crude oil, Dubai Fateh 32` API for years 1985-present; 1960-84 refer to Saudi Arabian Light, 34` API.	Bloomberg; Energy Intelligence Group (EIG); Organization of Petroleum

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
				Exporting Countries (OPEC); World Bank.
24	ES-Data 23	Crude oil, WTI (\$/bbl)	Crude oil, US, West Texas Intermediate (WTI) 40` API.	Bloomberg; Energy Intelligence Group (EIG); Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC); World Bank.
25	ES-Data 24	Current Expenditures (Million JD)	Annual government recurring expenditures that aim to enable the government to perform its tasks and it includes employee compensations, purchases of goods and services, operational and other expenditures.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
26	ES-Data 25	DAP (\$/mt)	DAP (diammonium phosphate), spot, f.o.b. US Gulf	Bloomberg; Kennedy Information LLC;
27	ES-Data 26	Deficit/Surplus - Current Account (Million JD)	Represents Deficit/Surplus of the international transactions on the trade, the services, the primary income and the secondary income.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
28	ES-Data 27	Deficit/Surplus - Excluding Grants (Million JD)	Represents Domestic Revenues minus Total Expenditures.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
29	ES-Data 28	Deficit/Surplus - Including Grants (Million JD)	Represents Total Revenues and Grants minus Total Expenditures.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
30	ES-Data 29	Deficit/Surplus - Trad (Million JD)	Represents exports minus imports.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
31	ES-Data 30	Domestic credit provided by financial sector (% of GDP)	Domestic credit provided by the financial sector includes all credit to various sectors on a gross basis, with the exception of credit to the central government, which is net. The financial sector includes monetary authorities and deposit money banks, as well as other financial corporations where data are available (including corporations that do not accept transferable deposits but do incur such liabilities as time and savings deposits). Examples of other financial corporations are finance and leasing companies, money lenders, insurance corporations, pension funds, and foreign exchange companies.	World Bank - World Development Indicators

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
32	ES-Data 31	Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP)	Domestic credit to private sector refers to financial resources provided to the private sector by financial corporations, such as through loans, purchases of nonequity securities, and trade credits and other accounts receivable, that establish a claim for repayment. For some countries these claims include credit to public enterprises. The financial corporations include monetary authorities and deposit money banks, as well as other financial corporations where data are available (including corporations that do not accept transferable deposits but do incur such liabilities as time and savings deposits). Examples of other financial corporations are finance and leasing companies, money lenders, insurance corporations, pension funds, and foreign exchange companies.	World Bank - World Development Indicators
33	ES-Data 32	Domestic credit to private sector by banks (% of GDP)	Domestic credit to private sector by banks refers to financial resources provided to the private sector by other depository corporations (deposit taking corporations except central banks), such as through loans, purchases of nonequity securities, and trade credits and other accounts receivable, that establish a claim for repayment. For some countries these claims include credit to public enterprises.	World Bank - World Development Indicators
34	ES-Data 33	Domestic Revenues (Million JD)	Includes tax revenue and non-tax revenue.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
35	ES-Data 34	Employment _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
36	ES-Data 35	Employment _ Total Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
37	ES-Data 36	Employment _ Total Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
38	ES-Data 37	Employment - Accommodation and food service activities _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
39	ES-Data 38	Employment - Accommodation and food service activities _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
40	ES-Data 39	Employment - Accommodation and food service activities Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
41	ES-Data 40	Employment - Agriculture; forestry and fishing _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
42	ES-Data 41	Employment - Agriculture; forestry and fishing _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
43	ES-Data 42	Employment - Agriculture; forestry and fishing _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
44	ES-Data 43	Employment - Construction _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
45	ES-Data 44	Employment - Construction _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
46	ES-Data 45	Employment - Construction _Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
47	ES-Data 46	Employment - Education _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
48	ES-Data 47	Employment - Education _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
49	ES-Data 48	Employment - Education _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
50	ES-Data 49	Employment - Financial and insurance activities _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
51	ES-Data 50	Employment - Financial and insurance activities _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
52	ES-Data 51	Employment - Financial and insurance activities _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
53	ES-Data 52	Employment - Manufacturing _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
54	ES-Data 53	Employment - Manufacturing _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
55	ES-Data 54	Employment - Manufacturing _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
56	ES-Data 55	Employment - Other services _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
57	ES-Data 56	Employment - Other services _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
58	ES-Data 57	Employment - Other services _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
59	ES-Data 58	Employment - Public administration and defence; compulsory social security _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
60	ES-Data 59	Employment - Public administration and defence; compulsory social security _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
61	ES-Data 60	Employment - Public administration and defence; compulsory social security _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
62	ES-Data 61	Employment - Real estate; business and administrative activities _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
63	ES-Data 62	Employment - Real estate; business and administrative activities _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
64	ES-Data 63	Employment - Real estate; business and administrative activities _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
65	ES-Data 64	Employment - Utilities Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
66	ES-Data 65	Employment - Utilities _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
67	ES-Data 66	Employment - Utilities _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
68	ES-Data 67	Employment - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
69	ES-Data 68	Employment - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
70	ES-Data 69	Employment - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
71	ES-Data 70	Employment _Contributing family workers_Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
72	ES-Data 71	Employment _Contributing family workers_Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
73	ES-Data 72	Employment _Employees_ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
74	ES-Data 73	Employment _Employees_ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
75	ES-Data 74	Employment _Employers _Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
76	ES-Data 75	Employment _EmployersMale (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
77	ES-Data 76	Employment _Own-account workers _Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
78	ES-Data 77	Employment _Own-account workers _Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
79	ES-Data 78	Employment -Human health and social work activities _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
80	ES-Data 79	Employment -Human health and social work activities _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
81	ES-Data 80	Employment -Human health and social work activities _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
82	ES-Data 81	Employment- Mining and quarrying _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
83	ES-Data 82	Employment- Mining and quarrying _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
84	ES-Data 83	Employment- Mining and quarrying _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
85	ES-Data 84	Employment -Transport; storage and communication _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
86	ES-Data 85	Employment -Transport; storage and communication _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
87	ES-Data 86	Employment -Transport; storage and communication _ Total (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
88	ES-Data 87	Employment _Contributing family workers (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime). Unpaid Family Worker: Any person working for his family or one of its members, provided that he/she does not receive any kind of payment, even if he/she receives some sort of remuneration	International Labour Organization (ILO)
89	ES-Data 88	Employment _Employees (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime). Paid Employee: Any person working for another person or establishment and receives any kind of payments (in cash or in kind) whether it was monthly, weekly, daily, commission, piece-rate,etc.	International Labour Organization (ILO)
90	ES-Data 89	Employment _Employers (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
91	ES-Data 90	Employment _Own-account workers (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime). Own-account Worker: Any person working in an establishment owned entirely or partially by him/her, or practises a job or trade and hires no paid employees.	International Labour Organization (ILO)
92	ES-Data 91	Exports (Million JD)	Represents national exports plus re-exports National exports: The transfer of ownership of goods from residents to non- residents in the Kingdom. Exports are valued at market value within the customs borders of the country from which they are exported (FOB). In fact, exports include goods sent to non-residents via customs borders. Re-exports: It is the part of imports that have been re-exported abroad without modification in form or substance. The value of re-exported goods shall be calculated on the basis of the price of goods (FOB) in Jordanian Dinars at Jordanian exit centers.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
93	ES-Data 92	External Debt (Million JD)	Equals total disbursements of external loans minus repayments. It is worth noting that repayments include the balance of collateral loans.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
94	ES-Data 93	Fish meal (\$/mt)	Fishmeal, German, 64% protein, EXW Hamburg beginning January 1999	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
95	ES-Data 94	Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) - (Million JD)	Net non-resident investments in the Kingdom (10% or more of total voting power right of ownership), reinvested earnings, and net other claims for non-resident enterprises in the Kingdom's resident institutions.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
96	ES-Data 95	Foreign grants (Million JD)	Includes grants and assistance received by the government from other countries.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
97	ES-Data 96	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Changes in Stocks (Million JD -ISIC4)	Changes in stocks of outputs that are still held by the units that produced them prior to their being further processed, sold, delivered to other units or used in other ways; and stocks of products acquired from other units that are intended to be used for intermediate consumption or for resale without further processing; they are measured by the value of the entries into inventories less the value of withdrawals and the value of any recurrent losses of goods held in inventories.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
98	ES-Data 97	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Exports of Goods and Services (Million JD - ISIC4)	Exports of goods and services consist of sales, barter, or gifts or grants, of goods and services from residents to non-residents. The treatment of exports and imports in the SNA is generally identical with that in the balance of payments accounts as described in the Balance of Payments Manual.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
99	ES-Data 98	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Imports of Goods and Services (Million JD - ISIC4)	Imports of goods and services consist of purchases, barter, or receipts of gifts or grants, of goods and services by residents from non- residents. The treatment of exports and imports in the System of National Accounts is generally identical with that in the balance of payments accounts as described in the Balance of Payments Manual.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
100	ES-Data 99	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Expenditures on Gross Domestic Product (Million JD - ISIC4)	Expenditure measure of GDP the expenditure measure of gross domestic product (GDP) is derived as the sum of expenditure on final consumption plus gross capital formation plus exports less imports.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
101	ES-Data 100	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Gov. Final Consumption Expenditures (Million JD - ISIC4)	The value of the expenditures incurred by government units on individual consumption goods or services provided to households as social transfers in kind	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
102	ES-Data 101	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Gross Fixed Capital Formation (Million JD - ISIC4)	Gross fixed capital formation is measured by the total value of a producer's acquisitions, less disposals, of fixed assets during the accounting period plus certain additions to the value of non- produced assets (such as subsoil assets or major improvements in the quantity, quality or productivity of land) realized by the productive activity of institutional units.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
103	ES-Data 102	GDP by Expenditures Approach at Current Prices - Private Final Consumption Expenditures (Million JD - ISIC4)	Private Final Consumption Expenditures defined as the expenditure incurred on final consumption of goods and services by the resident households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
104	ES-Data 103	GDP Income Approach at Current Prices - Operating Surplus (Million JD - ISIC4)	The operating surplus measures the surplus or deficit accruing from production before taking account of any interest, rent or similar charges payable on financial or tangible non-produced assets borrowed or rented by the enterprise, or any interest, rent or similar receipts receivable on financial or tangible non-produced assets owned by the enterprise.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
105	ES-Data 104	GDP Income Approach at Current Prices - Compensation of Employees (Million JD - ISIC4)	Compensation of employees is defined as the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable by an enterprise to an employee in return for work done by the latter during the accounting period. Taxes less subsidies on production consist of taxes payable or subsidies receivable on goods or services produced as outputs and other taxes or subsidies on production, such as those payable on the labour, machinery, buildings or other assets used in production.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
106	ES-Data 105	GDP Income Approach at Current Prices - Consumption of Fixed Capital (Million JD - ISIC4)	Consumption of fixed capital is the decline, during the course of the accounting period, in the current value of the stock of fixed assets owned and used by a producer as a result of physical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
107	ES-Data 106	GDP Income Approach at Current Prices - Subsidies (Million JD - ISIC4)	Subsidies are current unrequited payments that government units, including non- resident government units, make to enterprises on the basis of the levels of their production activities or the quantities or values of the goods or services which they produce, sell or import.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
108	ES-Data 107	GDP Income Approach at Current Prices - Taxes on Production and Imports (Million JD - ISIC4)	Taxes on production and imports consist of taxes payable on goods and services when they are produced, delivered, sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of by their producers plus taxes and duties on imports that become payable when goods enter the economic territory by crossing the frontier or when services are delivered to resident units by non-resident units; they also include other taxes on production, which consist mainly of taxes on the ownership or use of land, buildings or other assets used in production or on the labour employed, or compensation of employees paid.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
109	ES-Data 108	Gold (\$/troy oz)	Gold (UK), 99.5% fine, London afternoon fixing, average of daily rates	Bloomberg; Kitco.com; International Monetary Fund, International Financial Statistics; London Bullion Market; Metals Week; Platts Metals Week; Shearson Lehman Brothers, Metal Market Weekly Review; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
110	ES-Data 109	Gross capital formation (% of GDP) - (ISIC3)	Gross capital formation (formerly gross domestic investment) consists of outlays on additions to the fixed assets of the economy plus net changes in the level of inventories. Fixed assets include land improvements (fences, ditches, drains, and so on); plant, machinery, and equipment purchases; and the construction of roads, railways, and the like, including schools, offices, hospitals, private residential dwellings, and commercial and industrial buildings. Inventories are stocks of goods held by firms to meet temporary or unexpected fluctuations in production or sales, and "work in progress." According to the 1993 SNA, net acquisitions of valuables are also considered capital formation. % of GDP.	World Bank - World Development Indicators

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
111	ES-Data 110	Gross capital formation (constant 2010 Million US\$) - (ISIC3)	Gross capital formation (formerly gross domestic investment) consists of outlays on additions to the fixed assets of the economy plus net changes in the level of inventories. Fixed assets include land improvements (fences, ditches, drains, and so on); plant, machinery, and equipment purchases; and the construction of roads, railways, and the like, including schools, offices, hospitals, private residential dwellings, and commercial and industrial buildings. Inventories are stocks of goods held by firms to meet temporary or unexpected fluctuations in production or sales, and "work in progress." According to the 1993 SNA, net acquisitions of valuables are also considered capital formation. Data are in constant 2010 U.S. dollars.	World Bank - World Development Indicators
112	ES-Data 111	Gross capital formation (current Million US\$) - (ISIC3)	Gross capital formation (formerly gross domestic investment) consists of outlays on additions to the fixed assets of the economy plus net changes in the level of inventories. Fixed assets include land improvements (fences, ditches, drains, and so on); plant, machinery, and equipment purchases; and the construction of roads, railways, and the like, including schools, offices, hospitals, private residential dwellings, and commercial and industrial buildings. Inventories are stocks of goods held by firms to meet temporary or unexpected fluctuations in production or sales, and "work in progress." According to the 1993 SNA, net acquisitions of valuables are also considered capital formation. Data are in current 2010 U.S. dollars.	World Bank - World Development Indicators
113	ES-Data 112	Gross Domestic Debt (Million JD)	Represents the outstanding domestic claims on central government (general and own budgets). It consists of the outstanding balance of government bonds and bills plus the outstanding direct credit facilities to the government by the banking system and non-bank sources.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
114	ES-Data 113	Gross Domestic Product at Market prices (Million JD - ISIC4)	Gross domestic product at market prices is the sum of the gross values added of all resident producers at market prices, plus taxes less subsidies on imports.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
115	ES-Data 114	Gross Official Reserves of Foreign Currencies (US\$ Million)	It equals cash, balances and deposits in convertible foreign currencies, plus foreign currency bills and bonds, plus balances and deposits in non-convertible foreign currencies, minus deposits of licensed banks and non-residents in foreign currencies with the CBJ.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
116	ES-Data 115	Gross Public Debt (Million JD)	Represents Gross Domestic Debt Plus External Debt.	
117	ES-Data 116	Groundnut oil (\$/mt)	Groundnut oil, US crude, FOB South-East beginning January 1999; previously any origin, c.i.f. Rotterdam.	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
118	ES-Data 117	Groundnuts (\$/mt)	Copra (Philippines/Indonesia), bulk, c.i.f. N.W. Europe	Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
119	ES-Data 118	Households and NPISHs Final consumption expenditure (current Million US\$)	Household final consumption expenditure (formerly private consumption) is the market value of all goods and services, including durable products (such as cars, washing machines, and home computers), purchased by households. It excludes purchases of dwellings but includes imputed rent for owner-occupied dwellings. It also includes payments and fees to governments to obtain permits and licenses. Here, household consumption expenditure includes the expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households, even when reported separately by the country. This item also includes any statistical discrepancy in the use of resources relative to the supply of resources.	World Bank - World Development Indicators
120	ES-Data 119	Imports (Million JD)	Transfer of ownership of goods from non-residents to residents in the Kingdom. Theoretically, imports should be valued at the market value in customs borders of the country from which it is exporting (FOB), but in practice, the imports are based on the market value of the importing country (CIF).	Department of Statistics - Jordan
121	ES-Data 120	Inflation, consumer prices (annual %) _ Base Year 2010	Inflation as measured by the consumer price index reflects the annual percentage change in the cost to the average consumer of acquiring a basket of goods and services that may be fixed or changed at specified intervals, such as yearly. The Laspeyres formula is generally used.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
122	ES-Data 121	Interbank	Interest rates on short-term loans between banks.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
123	ES-Data 122	Interest Rate on Repurchase Agreements	CBJ repurchase securities from private banks at a discounted rate.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
124	ES-Data 123	Iron ore, cfr spot (\$/dmtu)	Iron ore, spot in US dollar/dry ton and contract in US cents/dmtu. For years 2008 (December) to present, spot, (any origin) fines, 62% Fe, c.f.r. China; during 2006 to 2008 (November) spot, 63.5% Fe. Earlier data refer to annual contract prices (Brazil for Europe,) VALE Carajas mines sinter feed, f.o.b. Ponta da Madeira during years 1987-2009; Itabira mines f.o.b. Tubarão for years 1960-86. Unit dmtu denotes dry metric ton unit, i.e. 1% Fe-unit.	VALE; CVRD; UNCTAD; World Bank.
125	ES-Data 124	JOD to USD exchange rate	Represents the exchange rate of Jordanian Dinar (JOD) to US Dollar (USD).	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
126	ES-Data 125	Labor productivity per person employed in 2018 _ (Output per Employed Person) _(Thousand US\$)	Labor productivity per person employed in 2018 US\$	The Conference Board Total Economy Database TM - Output, Labor and Labor Productivity, 1950-2019

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
127	ES-Data 126	Labour productivity _Output per worker (GDP constant 2010 Thousand US \$) - ILO modelled estimates	Productivity represents the amount of output per unit of input. It is a key measure of economic performance. In ILOSTAT's indicator, output is measured as gross domestic product (GDP) for the aggregate economy expressed at purchasing power parities (PPP) to account for price differences in countries. The indicator on labour productivity is calculated as follows: Labour Productivity = GDP at constant prices / Employment	International Labour Organization (ILO)
128	ES-Data 127	Labour productivity_ Output per worker (GDP constant 2011 international Thousand \$ in PPP) - ILO modelled estimates	Productivity represents the amount of output per unit of input. It is a key measure of economic performance. In ILOSTAT's indicator, output is measured as gross domestic product (GDP) for the aggregate economy expressed at purchasing power parities (PPP) to account for price differences in countries. The indicator on labour productivity is calculated as follows: Labour Productivity = GDP at constant prices / Employment	International Labour Organization (ILO)
129	ES-Data 128	Lead (\$/mt)	Lead (LME), refined, 99.97% purity, settlement price	Bloomberg; Engineering and Mining Journal; Platts Metals Week; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
130	ES-Data 129	Liquefied natural gas, Japan (\$/mmbtu)	Natural gas LNG (Japan), import price, cif, recent two months' averages are estimates.	Official Statistics of Japan; World Gas Intelligence; World Bank.
131	ES-Data 130	Logs, Cameroon (\$/cubic meter)	Logs (West Africa), sapele, high quality (loyal and marchand), 80 centimeter or more, f.o.b. Douala, Cameroon beginning January 1996; previously of unspecified dimension	International Tropical Timber Organization; Marches Tropicaux et Mediterraneens; World Bank.
132	ES-Data 131	Logs, Malaysian (\$/cubic meter)	Logs (Malaysia), meranti, Sarawak, sale price charged by importers, Tokyo beginning February 1993; previously average of Sabah and Sarawak weighted by Japanese import volumes	International Tropical Timber Organization; Mokuzai Shikyo Geppo; World Bank.
133	ES-Data 132	Maize (\$/mt)	Maize (US), no. 2, yellow, f.o.b. US Gulf ports	Bloomberg; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
134	ES-Data 133	Market Capitalization (JD million)	The value of shares on an exchange. This value is calculated by multiplying the current price of shares by the number of current listed shares.	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
135	ES-Data 134	Meat, chicken (\$/kg)	Meat, chicken (US), Urner Barry North East weighted average for broiler/fryer, whole birds, 2.5 to 3.5 pounds, USDA grade "A" from 2013 onwards; 1980-2012, Georgia Dock weighted average, 2.5 to 3 pounds, wholesale; previously World Bank estimates.	Bloomberg; Urner Barry, COMTELL; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
136	ES-Data 135	Meat, sheep (\$/kg)	Meat, sheep (New Zealand), frozen whole carcasses Prime Medium (PM) wholesale, Smithfield, London beginning January 2006; previously Prime Light (PL)	Meat Trade Journal; World Bank.

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
137	ES-Data 136	Military expenditures (Million JD)	Military expenditure data include all current and capital expenditure on: (a) the armed forces, including peacekeeping forces; (b) defence ministries and other government agencies engaged in defence projects; (c) paramilitary forces, when judged to be trained and equipped for military operations; and (d) military space activities. This should include expenditure on: i. personnel, including: a. salaries of military and civil personnel; b. retirement pensions of military personnel, and; c. social services for personnel; ii. operations and maintenance; iii. procurement; iv. military research and development; v. military infrastructure spending, including military bases. and; vi. military aid (in the military expenditure of the donor country). Civil defence and current expenditures on previous military activities, such as veterans' benefits, demobilization, conversion and weapon destruction are excluded.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI)
138	ES-Data 137	Money Supply M2 (JD million)	It equals money supply (M1) plus quasi-money. On the asset side it equals net domestic assets plus net foreign assets of the banking system.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
139	ES-Data 138	Municipalities and Local Councils - Capital expenditures (JD Million)	Municipalities and Local Councils expenditures that increase its capital formation and include spending on infrastructure projects, operation and maintenance.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
140	ES-Data 139	Municipalities and Local Councils - Current expenditures (JD Million)	Annual Municipalities and Local Councils recurring expenditures that aim to enable it to perform its tasks and it includes employee compensations, purchases of goods and services, operational and other expenditures.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
141	ES-Data 140	Municipalities and Local Councils - Fees & licenses (JD Million)	Represents revenues from Fees and fines and licenses.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
142	ES-Data 141	Municipalities and Local Councils - Investments revenues (JD Million)	Represents revenues from Capital projects.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
143	ES-Data 142	Municipalities and Local Councils - Other revenues (JD Million)	Represents revenues mainly from repayment of loans, studies and consultations,	Ministry of Finance - Jordan

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
			projects to preserve the environment, and the development of public places such as gardens and libraries.	
144	ES-Data 143	Municipalities and Local Councils - Overall balance (JD Million)	Represents Total Revenues minus Total Expenditures of Municipalities and Local Councils.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
145	ES-Data 144	Municipalities and Local Councils - Taxes and fuel revenues (JD Million)	Represents Land and construction taxes and Fuel revenues.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
146	ES-Data 145	Municipalities and Local Councils - Total expenditures (JD Million)	The amounts allocated to Municipalities and Local Councils to finance all items of their current and capital expenditures.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
147	ES-Data 146	Municipalities and Local Councils - Total revenues (JD Million)	All taxes, fees, returns, profits, interest, grants, and any other funds are refunded to Municipalities and Local Councils and the public treasury.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
148	ES-Data 147	Natural gas index (2010=100)	Natural gas index (Laspeyres), average of Europe, US and Japan (LNG), weights based on 5-year average consumption volumes, updated every 5 years, except the 11- year period 1960-70.	World Bank.
149	ES-Data 148	Natural gas, Europe (\$/mmbtu)	Natural Gas (Europe), from April 2015, Netherlands Title Transfer Facility (TTF); April 2010 to March 2015, average import border price and a spot price component, including UK; during June 2000 - March 2010 prices excludes UK.	Bloomberg; World Gas Intelligence; World Bank.
150	ES-Data 149	Natural gas, US (\$/mmbtu)	Natural Gas (U.S.), spot price at Henry Hub, Louisiana	Bloomberg; Thomson Reuters Datastream; The Wall Street Journal; World Bank.
151	ES-Data 150	Net Domestic Debt (Million JD)	Represents the outstanding domestic claims on central government (general and own budgets). It consists of the outstanding balance of government bonds and bills plus the outstanding direct credit facilities to the government by the banking system and non-bank sources minus central government banks deposits.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
152	ES-Data 151	Net official development assistance and official aid received (current Million US\$)	Net official development assistance is disbursement flows (net of repayment of principal) that meet the DAC definition of ODA and are made to countries and territories on the DAC list of aid recipients. Net official aid refers to aid flows (net of repayments) from official donors to countries and territories in part II of the DAC list of recipients: more advanced countries of Central and Eastern Europe, the countries of the former Soviet Union, and certain advanced developing countries and territories. Official aid is provided under terms and conditions similar to those for ODA. Part II of the DAC List was abolished in 2005. The collection of data on official aid and other resource flows to Part II countries ended with 2004 data. Data are in current U.S. dollars.	World Bank - World Development Indicators

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
153	ES-Data 152	Net Public Debt (Million JD)	Represents Net Domestic Debt Plus External Debt.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
154	ES-Data 153	Nickel (\$/mt)	Nickel (LME), cathodes, minimum 99.8% purity, settlement price beginning 2005; previously cash price	Bloomberg; Platts Metals Week, Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
155	ES-Data 154	No. of Subscribed Shares (JD million)	Subscribed shares are shares that investors have promised to buy.	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
156	ES-Data 155	Nominal GDP (Million JD)- (ISIC3)	Gross domestic product at market prices is the sum of the gross values added of all resident producers at market prices, plus taxes less subsidies on imports.	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
157	ES-Data 156	Non-Tax revenues (Million JD)	Includes revenues from selling goods & services, property Income, miscellaneous revenues and pension contributions.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
158	ES-Data 157	Number of Listed Companies	Number of Listed Companies in Amman Stock Exchange (ASE).	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
159	ES-Data 158	Orange (\$/kg)	Oranges (Mediterranean exporters) navel, European Union indicative import price, c.i.f. Paris	Bloomberg; INTERFEL, Fel Actualite hebdo; FRuiTrop; Marche Europeens Des Fruits et Legumes; World Bank.
160	ES-Data 159	Overnight Deposit Window Rate	Interest rates on the banks deposits at CBJ for one night.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
161	ES-Data 160	Palm kernel oil (\$/mt)	Palm kernel oil (Indonesia/Malaysia), crude, CIF NW Europe beginning August 2001; previously Malaysian, nearest forward.	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
162	ES-Data 161	Palm oil (\$/mt)	Palm oil (Malaysia), RBD, CIF Rotterdam beginning December 2001; previously Malaysia 5%, c.i.f. N.W. Europe, bulk, nearest forward.	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
163	ES-Data 162	Personal remittances, received (% of GDP) world bank	Personal remittances comprise personal transfers and compensation of employees. Personal transfers consist of all current transfers in cash or in kind made or received by resident households to or from nonresident households. Personal transfers thus include all current transfers between resident and nonresident individuals. Compensation of employees refers to the income of border, seasonal, and other short- term workers who are employed in an economy where they are not resident and of residents employed by nonresident entities. Data are the sum of two items defined in the sixth edition of the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual: personal transfers and compensation of employees.	World Bank - World Development Indicators
164	ES-Data 163	Phosphate rock (\$/mt)	Phosphate rock, f.o.b. North Africa	Bloomberg; Kennedy Information LLC;

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
165	ES-Data 164	Platinum (\$/troy oz)	Platinum (UK), 99.9% refined, London afternoon fixing	Bloomberg; London Platinum & Palladium Market; Platts Metals Week, CRB Commodity Yearbook; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
166	ES-Data 165	Plywood (¢/sheet)	Plywood (Africa and Southeast Asia), Lauan, 3-ply, extra, 91 cm x 182 cm x 4 mm, wholesale price, spot Tokyo	International Tropical Timber Organization; Japan Lumber Journal; Nikkei Newsletter on Commodities; World Bank.
167	ES-Data 166	Population - Female (Thousands)	The total population comprises persons of all ages who were living in the country during the reference period, regardless of residency status or citizenship.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
168	ES-Data 167	Population - Male (Thousands)	The total population comprises persons of all ages who were living in the country during the reference period, regardless of residency status or citizenship.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
169	ES-Data 168	Potassium chloride (\$/mt)	Potassium chloride (muriate of potash), f.o.b. Vancouver	Bloomberg; Kennedy Information LLC;
170	ES-Data 169	Prime Lending Rate	The interest rate charged by banks to their largest, most secure, and most creditworthy customers on short-term loans.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
171	ES-Data 170	Real GDP growth (annual %)- (ISIC3)	Annual percentage growth rate of GDP at market prices based on constant local currency. Aggregates are based on constant 2010 Jordanian Dinar (JD).	System of National Accounts (SNA) 2010
172	ES-Data 171	Re-discount Rate	The interest rate (bank rate) charged by the Central Bank for the rediscounting of commercial paper (discounted) and the treasury bills held by commercial banks to increase their liquidity ratio.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
173	ES-Data 172	Rice, Thai 25% (\$/mt)	Rice (Thailand), 25% broken, WR, milled indicative survey price, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok	Bloomberg; US Department of Agricuture; World Bank.
174	ES-Data 173	Rice, Thai 5% (\$/mt)	Rice (Thailand), 5% broken, white rice (WR), milled, indicative price based on weekly surveys of export transactions, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok	Bloomberg; US Department of Agricuture; World Bank.
175	ES-Data 174	Rice, Thai A.1 (\$/mt)	Rice (Thailand), 100% broken, A.1 Super from 2006 onwards, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok; prior to 2006, A1 Special, a slightly lower grade than A1 Super.	Bloomberg; US Department of Agricuture; World Bank.
176	ES-Data 175	Rice, Viet Namese 5% (\$/mt)	Rice (Vietnam), 5% broken, WR, milled, weekly indicative survey price, Minimum Export Price, f.o.b. Hanoi	Bloomberg; US Department of Agricuture; World Bank.

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
177	ES-Data 176	Rubber, SGP/MYS (\$/kg)	Rubber (Asia), RSS3 grade, Singapore Commodity Exchange Ltd (SICOM) nearby contract beginning 2004; during 2000 to 2003, Singapore RSS1; previously Malaysia RSS1	Asian Wall Street Journal; Bloomberg; International Rubber Study Group; Rubber Association of Singapore Commodity Exchange (RASCE); Singapore Exchange Ltd (SGX previously SICOM); World Bank.
178	ES-Data 177	Rubber, TSR20 (\$/kg)	Rubber (Asia), TSR 20, Technically Specified Rubber, SGX/SICOM nearby futures contract	Asian Wall Street Journal; Bloomberg; International Rubber Study Group; Rubber Association of Singapore Commodity Exchange (RASCE); Singapore Exchange Ltd (SGX previously SICOM); World Bank.
179	ES-Data 178	Sawnwood, Cameroon (\$/cubic meter)	Sawnwood (Cameroon), sapele, width 6 inches or more, length 6 feet or more, f.a.s. Cameroonian ports	International Tropical Timber Organization; Marches Tropicaux et Mediterraneens; World Bank.
180	ES-Data 179	Sawnwood, Malaysian (\$/cubic meter)	Sawnwood (Malaysia), dark red seraya/meranti, select and better quality, average 7 to 8 inches; length average 12 to 14 inches; thickness 1 to 2 inch(es); kiln dry, c. & f. UK ports, with 5% agents commission including premium for products of certified sustainable forest beginning January 2005; previously excluding the premium	International Tropical Timber Organization; Tropical Timbers; World Bank.
181	ES-Data 180	Shrimps, Mexican (\$/kg)	Shrimp, (US), brown, shell-on, headless, in frozen blocks, source Gulf of Mexico, 26 to 30 count per pound, wholesale US beginning 2004; previously New York.	Fishery Market News; Urner Barry; US Bureau of Labor Statistics; US Nationational Ocearnic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); World Bank.
182	ES-Data 181	Silver (\$/troy oz)	Silver (UK), 99.9% refined, London afternoon fixing; prior to July 1976 Handy & Harman. Grade prior to 1962 unrefined silver.	American Metal Market; Australian Mineral Economics Pty. Ltd.; Bloomberg; London Bullion Market; Metals Week; Metals Statistics; Platts Metasl Week; The Silver Institute, Silver World Supply & Demand; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
183	ES-Data 182	Sorghum (\$/mt)	Sorghum (US), no. 2 milo yellow, Texas export bids for grain delivered to export elevators, rail-truck, f.o.b. Gulf ports	US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
184	ES-Data 183	Soybean meal (\$/mt)	Soybeans, US No. 2 yellow meal, CIF Rotterdam beginning December 2007; previously US origin, nearest forward.	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
185	ES-Data 184	Soybean oil (\$/mt)	Soybean oil, Dutch crude degummed, FOB NW Europe beginning January 1999; previously crude, f.o.b. ex-mill Netherlands, nearest forward.	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
186	ES-Data 185	Soybeans (\$/mt)	Soybean meal, Brazilian pellets 48% protein, CIF Rotterdam beginning January 1999; during 1990 - 1998, 45/46% c.i.f. Rotterdam, nearest forward; previously US origin 44%.	Agribusiness Intelligence from Informa; Bloomberg; ISTA Mielke GmbH, Oil World; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
187	ES-Data 186	Sugar, EU (\$/kg)	Sugar (EU), European Union negotiated import price for raw unpackaged sugar from African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) under Lome Conventions, c.I.f. European ports	International Monetary Fund; World Bank.
188	ES-Data 187	Sugar, US (\$/kg)	Sugar (US), nearby futures contract, c.i.f.	Bloomberg, World Bank.
189	ES-Data 188	Sugar, world (\$/kg)	Sugar (world), International Sugar Agreement (ISA) daily price, raw, f.o.b. and stowed at greater Caribbean ports	Bloomberg; International Sugar Organization; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
190	ES-Data 189	Tax revenues (Million JD)	Includes taxes on income and profits, taxes on goods and services, taxes on international trade & transactions, and taxes on financial transactions (real-estate tax).	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
191	ES-Data 190	Tea, avg 3 auctions (\$/kg)	Tea, average three auctions, arithmetic average of quotations at Kolkata, Colombo and Mombasa/Nairobi.	World Bank.
192	ES-Data 191	Tea, Colombo (\$/kg)	Tea (Colombo auctions), Sri Lankan origin, all tea, arithmetic average of weekly quotes.	International Tea Committee; Tea Broker's Association of London; Tea Exporters Association Sri Lanka; World Bank.
193	ES-Data 192	Tea, Kolkata (\$/kg)	Tea (Kolkata auctions), leaf, include excise duty, arithmetic average of weekly quotes.	International Tea Committee; Tea Board India; Tea Broker's Association of London; World Bank.
194	ES-Data 193	Tea, Mombasa (\$/kg)	Tea (Mombasa/Nairobi auctions), African origin, all tea, arithmetic average of weekly quotes.	African Tea Brokers Limited; International Tea Committee; Tea Broker's Association of London; World Bank.
195	ES-Data 194	Tin (\$/mt)	Tin (LME), refined, 99.85% purity, settlement price	Bloomberg; Engineering and Mining Journal; Platts Metals Week; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.
196	ES-Data 195	Tobacco, US import u.v. (\$/mt)	Tobacco (any origin), unmanufactured, general import, cif, US	US Department of Agriculture, World Bank.
197	ES-Data 196	Total Credit (JD million)	Credit extended by the banking system in the form of loans and advances, bills discounted and overdrafts.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
198	ES-Data 197	Total Employment (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime). Employer: Any person working in an establishment owned entirely or partially by him/her and hires one or more paid employees.	International Labour Organization (ILO)
199	ES-Data 198	Total Employment _ Female (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
200	ES-Data 199	Total Employment _ Male (Thousands)	Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour; and employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime).	International Labour Organization (ILO)
201	ES-Data 200	Total Expenditures (Million JD)	The amounts allocated to line ministries to finance all items of their current and capital expenditures according to the annual general budget law.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
202	ES-Data 201	Total Population (Thousands)	The total population comprises persons of all ages who were living in the country during the reference period, regardless of residency status or citizenship.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
203	ES-Data 202	Total Revenues and Grants (Million JD)	All taxes, fees, returns, profits, interest, grants, and any other funds are refunded to the public treasury.	Ministry of Finance - Jordan
204	ES-Data 203	TSP (\$/mt)	TSP (triple superphosphate), spot, import US Gulf	Bloomberg; Kennedy Information LLC;
205	ES-Data 204	Unemployment Rate	This refers to the employed persons of 15+ years of age who desire to obtain a new or additional job, and are available for work during the reference period. Such persons should meet the following criteria: a. Current work is insufficient in terms of salary or incentives. b. Current work does not suit the educational qualification. c. The hours spent in current work are short.	Department of Statistics - Jordan

No.	Code	Variables	Definitions	Sources
206	ES-Data 205	Unemployment Rate - Female	This refers to the employed persons of 15+ years of age who desire to obtain a new or additional job, and are available for work during the reference period. Such persons should meet the following criteria: a. Current work is insufficient in terms of salary or incentives. b. Current work does not suit the educational qualification. c. The hours spent in current work are short.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
207	ES-Data 206	Unemployment Rate - Male	This refers to the employed persons of 15+ years of age who desire to obtain a new or additional job, and are available for work during the reference period. Such persons should meet the following criteria: a. Current work is insufficient in terms of salary or incentives. b. Current work does not suit the educational qualification. c. The hours spent in current work are short.	Department of Statistics - Jordan
208	ES-Data 207	Urea (\$/mt)	Urea, (Ukraine), f.o.b. Black Sea	Bloomberg; Kennedy Information LLC;
209	ES-Data 208	USD to JOD exchange rate	Represents the exchange rate of US Dollar (USD) to Jordanian Dinar (JOD).	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
210	ES-Data 209	Value Traded (JD million)	The product of closing price and number of shares traded during the time period.	Amman Stock Exchange (ASE)
211	ES-Data 210	Wheat, US HRW (\$/mt)	Wheat (US), no. 1, hard red winter, ordinary protein, export price delivered at the US Gulf port for prompt or 30 days shipment	Bloomberg; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
212	ES-Data 211	Wheat, US SRW (\$/mt)	Wheat (US), no. 2, soft red winter, export price delivered at the US Gulf port for prompt or 30 days shipment	Bloomberg; US Department of Agriculture; World Bank.
213	ES-Data 212	Woodpulp (\$/mt)	Woodpulp (Sweden), softwood, sulphate, bleached, air-dry weight, c.i.f. North Sea ports	Statistisches Bundesamt, Germany; Allman Manadsstatistik, Sweden; World Bank.
214	ES-Data 213	Workers' Remittances CBJ (JD million)	The receipts siderepresents inward transfers from non-resident Jordanians working abroad, for the purpose of current expenditures in Jordan. These remittances are estimated on the basis of the ITRS forms every month. The payments siderepresents outward transfers made by non-Jordanians residing and working in Jordan. These remittances are estimated on the basis of data from the Ministry of Labor on foreign workers, and the average monthly transfer per single worker in Jordanian dinar.	Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ)
215	ES-Data 214	Zinc (\$/mt)	Zinc (LME), high grade, minimum 99.95% purity, settlement price beginning April 1990; previously special high grade, minimum 99.995%, cash prices	Bloomberg; Engineering and Mining Journal; Platts Metals Week; Thomson Reuters Datastream; World Bank.